



Calculation Guidelines for Gifted and Talented Children Working Beyond Primary Level	
DIVISION	
Pencil and paper procedures (Written methods)	Pencil and paper procedures (Written methods)
 Use written methods to support, record or explain division of: a three-digit number by a two-digit number a decimal with one or two decimal places by a single digit. 	Continue to use the same method as in Year 7 and Year 8. Adjust the dividend and divisor by a common factor before the division so that no further adjustment is needed after the calculation e.g. $361.6 \div 0.8$ is equivalent to $3616 \div 8$
Refine methods to improve efficiency while maintaining accuracy and understanding. 109.6 \div 8 is approximately 110 \div 10 = 11. 109.6 - $\frac{80}{29.6}$ (10 groups of 8) 29.6 - $\frac{24}{5.6}$ (3) 5.6 - $\frac{5.6}{0.0}$ (0.7) Answer: 13.7	Use the inverse rule to divide fractions, first converting mixed numbers to improper fractions. Look at one half of a shape. How many sixths of the shape can you see? (six) So, how many sixths in one half? (three) So $\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{6}{1}$ $= \frac{6}{2}$ = 3

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MULTIPLICATION	
Mental methods	
Use partitioning	
Partition either part of the product e.g. 7.3 x 11 = $(7.3 \times 10) + 7.3 = 80.3$	
<i>OR</i> Use the grid method of multiplication (as below).	
 <u>Pencil and paper procedures (Written methods)</u> Use written methods to support, record or explain multiplication of: a three-digit number by a two-digit number a decimal with one or two decimal places by a single digit Grid method 6.24 x 8 is approximately 6 x 8 = 48 	
x 6 0.2 0.04 8 48 1.6 0.32	
= 49.92	
Grid lines can become optional	